In year 7, students arrive with varying levels of prior knowledge and understanding of other languages. Students begin by engaging with the idea of why we learn a language and the importance of languages within our global community. Teachers work closely with students this year to develop their understanding of key concepts in French, such as conjugation of key regular and irregular verbs, and their understanding of different time frames. Students are taught in their first half term of learning, how to communicate with their peers and their teacher in the classroom, by learning the key vocabulary and structures to enable them to use the language within the context of the classroom. This involves understanding, recognising and producing high frequency verbs in the language studied, through the 4 skills; listening, reading, writing and speaking, which are embedded frequently in each module studied. As they progress throughout year 7, they revisit the concept of conjugation through a range of topics and learn how to express themselves and their opinions on a wide range of topics, such as free time, holidays and school. Students acquire a secure knowledge of basic, high frequency vocabulary across these topics, which are then revisited in different contexts, so that they are consolidated throughout the year. As well as learning the present tense across the course of the year, students also learn how to conjugate the immediate future tense and the conditional tense. This enables them to speak and write with increasing confidence throughout the year. Their learning throughout this foundational year is consolidated through the study of a film from the French speaking world in the summer term, where they use the language they have learnt to describe events that have happened in the film and make predictions using the future tense. The film module also gives students access to learning about the culture and global communities where the language is spoken, developing their cultural understanding. In this year of study, students have regular opportunities for speaking practice, with a focus on becoming confident communicators with the ability to speak spontaneously with their peers. Students will be encouraged to speak spontaneously in the present tense and the immediate future tense in order to solidify their understanding of key grammar.

Term	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Unit title	In class	My world	My family, friends and I	My school and studies	Holidays	Film: Une vie de chat
Relevant core concepts	how to conjugate the three regular ver Communication - (speaking/ writing/ t spontaneous/ unrehearsed language, r knowledge of key elements needed for Comprehension - (reading/ listening/ v literary, exam specific), identifying 'trig needed to listen or read for gist inform Intercultural Understanding - (cultural in the TL countries, knowledge of basic literature, celebrities) in the TL countri	b groups, knowing the formation rules ranslation/ pronunciation/ vocabulary/ narrating events when appropriate, aw effective spoken and written commun vocabulary/ competence/ character): A gers' or 'red herring' in a spoken or wr nation on a specific subject capital/ community): understanding we facts and figures about the demograp	of three time frames (past, present and fu competence/ character): development of areness of different registers and when to nication cquiring and building on a wide vocabulary itten text, Knowledge of audible and visible	ture) and knowing the key elements of spoken and written language beyond use them appropriately, knowing how base for comprehension purposes, ap e key features of tenses of regular and the UK, understanding what we have i	f a sentence and which specific a basic response, Coping with u to successfully convey informat preciation of a range of spoken irregular verbs, understanding n communication with the TL co	nprepared situations and using tion from one language to another, and written media in the TL (Cultural, key elements (vocabulary and structures) ountries, knowing how culture has evolved
Relevant end points	ML3.7 Make the transition from an infi ML4.7 Production of syntactically corre	definite/indefinite articles, adjectives, i nitive to a conjugated verb (1 st / 2 nd and ect short sentences in the Target Langu of a verb into present, immediate futu ter in everyday transactions and dialog es between two languages guage (adapting for real life situations) exical structures, basic opinions, reason ntly with good pronunciation, accent a fit for purpose oret and identify key points from a give sentences accurately ng message in a short spoken or writte ge 'red herrings' to answer questions a	ure and conditional (1 st / 2 nd / 3 rd person sing gues) ns and justification phrases and intonation n short paragraph n piece by skimming or scanning nd form conclusions		son singular)	

	Course 7 Ability to informaning in now or unfamiliar situations				CURPICULUE CONTINUED
Core substantive knowledge	Comp6.7 Ability to infer meaning in new or unfamiliar situationsComp7.7 Differentiate between time frames for the purpose of respondingIntercultural UnderstandingIU1.7 To be able to define and describe the key cultural aspects of the TL oIU2.7 To compare and contrast the culture of TL countries with the UKIU3.7 To draw conclusions about TL countries based on facts and figuresIU4.7 To understand, appreciate and evaluate the key features of TL film,IU5.7 To be able to deconstruct stereotypes about the target language conIU6.7 An ability to think beyond the local context and more internationallyIntroduction to infinitive structures :il faut/il ne faut pas, Est-ce que je peux (modal verbs) + Range of infinitive verbs for the classroomca va + range of justificationsêtre (1st and 3rd person sing.) + adjectivesAgreement/disagreementRange of regular ER infinitUsing opinion phrases + ra of infinitive verbsTime phrases + opinior infinitives to talk about v you do an when	countries literature and music puntries and their people y	 Irregular verb apprendre (1st, 3rd sing., 1st person plural) Expressing opinions + definite article + school subjects: Feminisation of 	 Je vais + À + French speaking countries: Prendre (1st person) + transport Complex opinions ER present tense verbs (je, tu, il/elle, nous) ER verbs for activities on holiday 	 Giving your opinion on the film using a range of opinions and justifications. Film genres Range of adjectives to give opinions Using avoir and être to describe characters (il/ elle) Physical descriptions Range of infinitive verbs Giving predictions about the film using the immediate future (il/elle, ils/elles) Introduction to the perfect tense (3rd person singular, ER verbs)
Core disciplinary knowledge	 To be able to understand how cognates can help us in our language learning To be able to describe a French speaking world beyond Europe and why we learn French in school. To be able to recognise the French alphabet and spell some French speaking countries phonetically To be able to describe what an infinitive verb is knowledge that there are three types of verbs in French (ER / RE / IR) To be able to talk about school rules using 'il faut/il ne faut pas' + a range of infinitive verbs To be able to use 'st and person present tense of 'a to say who is in your famile To be able to describe what an infinitive verb is knowledge that there are three types of verbs in French (ER / RE / IR) To be able to talk about school rules using 'il faut/il ne faut pas' + a range of infinitive verbs 	at ofdescribe a range of nationalities (être)ho isTo be able to recognise and apply months and key graphemesd 3rdgraphemesavoir'To be able to apply numbers up to 31 to say our birthdaysctivalTo be able to apply avoir (je / tu / il/elle) to describe our age.d 3rdTo be able to understand a poem and recognise colours in FrenchativeTo be able to apply avoir (je / tu / il/elle) and colours to describe appearanceo sayTo be able to apply être (je / tu / il/elle) and adjectives to describe appearance	 (1st person sing/ plural) Describing what we are going to do in the future To express our opinions on a range of school subjects and apply SSCs oi / eau / a/â / o To be able to justify our opinions on school subjects using adjectives and apply SSCs in / an / i / é / è To be able to recognise and apply comparative structures To be able to describe teachers using adjectival agreements and apply SSCs oi, en, silent consonants To be able to recognise a range of ER verbs in context 	 To express recognise a range of francophone countries and apply SSCs To be able to give our opinion on transport using j'aime + prendre and apply SSCs To be able to express more complex opinions on locations and apply the SSC To be able to recognise and apply ER verbs endings in the context of holidays To consolidate our knowledge or present tense ER verb conjugation 	 To be able to express opinions on different film genres To be able to describe key characters using avoir and être (3rd person sing. focus) To be able to say whether we think the characters are goodies or baddies To be able to make predictions using the near future tense To be able to describe key events in the film so far using the past tense (3rd person singular, avoir auxiliary) To consolidate our understanding of the past tense by describing key events in the film (3rd person singular, avoir auxiliary)

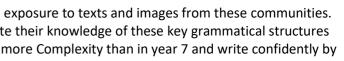
					and Into the Court of the Court
 To be able to ask questions in class using 'est-ce que je peux' + infinitives (this is so that students can communicate their needs/wants in the classroom from now) To be able to use a range of adjectives to give justifications, and introduce students to the concept of adjectival agreement (+e) To practice translation skills and revise key vocabulary and structures from the topic To be able to write 60 words on the topic in French To be able to practice our language skills 	 and dislike doing using ER infinitives phrases To be able to use and recognise the singular forms of present tense ER verbs To be able to use and recognise the 3rd person singular form of present tense ER verbs To practise writing skills To be able to practice our language skills 	 To be able to recognise and use possessive adjectives and a range of adjectives to describe our family. To be able to practice our language skills 	 To be able to conjugate ER verbs in the present tense (je / tu / il/elle / nous) To be able to describe our timetables using the time To be able to describe our timetables using the time To be able to recognise and apply the near future tense To be able to practice our language skills 	 To be able to use the near future tense (je, il/elle, nous) to describe future holidays To be able to use the present and future tense confidently with third person singular To be able to recognise and apply the conditional tense (vouloir, 1st and 3rd person sing.) To be able apply our learning in an extended writing question To be able to practice our language skills 	 To apply both the future and past tense to predict and summarise the end of the film Writing skills (also serves to revise this Summer 2 unit) Reading skills Listening skills

In year 8, students begin by learning how to describe their home and local community, as well as discovering information and ideas about communities where the language is spoken, through exposure to texts and images from these communities. While students will have learnt key concepts such as conjugation in the present tense, and also worked with the immediate future and the past tense in year 7, they will continue to consolidate their knowledge of these key grammatical structures throughout this year. The introduction to the perfect tense students had at the end of Year 7 will be built on and consolidated across the units in year 8, enabling them to speak and write with more Complexity than in year 7 and write confidently by using multiple tenses together.

Students are given the opportunity to further develop their knowledge of key high-frequency vocabulary from year 7 and expand this knowledge to be able to express a wider range of opinions on the new topics studied, such as being able to give opinions on clothing and food. In the food module, in the second part of the year, students develop their language skills across 3 time frames, consolidating their learning from the year and from year 7. The film module gives students the opportunity to engage with the culture from the French-speaking or Spanish-speaking world, in order for them to also develop their understanding of other cultures Finally, students consolidate their learning of high-frequency verbs and structures at the end of the year through the study of different schools from the French speaking world, so that they enter into year 9 with a stronger base of knowledge and grasp of key grammatical concepts.

Across all years of study, students have regular opportunities for speaking practice, with a focus on becoming more confident communicators with the ability to speak spontaneously and for their own purposes. Students in year 8 will be encouraged to tackle spontaneous speech across different time frames, in order for their application of grammatical structures to become more automatic.

Term	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Unit title	My house and home	Sports and leisure	My clothes, my look	At the market	School in the Francophone world	Film: Le petit Nicolas
Relevant core concepts	how to conjugate the three regular ve Communication - (speaking/ writing/ unrehearsed language, narrating even elements needed for effective spoken Comprehension - (reading/ listening/ exam specific), identifying 'triggers' or listen or read for gist information on a Intercultural Understanding - (cultural	erb groups, knowing the formation rules translation/ pronunciation/ vocabulary/ nts when appropriate, awareness of diffe and written communication vocabulary/ competence/ character): Ac r 'red herring' in a spoken or written text a specific subject al capital/ Community): understanding w facts and figures about the demography,	of three time frames (past, present and competence/ character): development erent registers and when to use them ap equiring and building on a wide vocabula c, Knowledge of audible and visible key f hat makes the TL countries different fro	future) and knowing the key eleme of spoken and written language be propriately, knowing how to succes ry base for comprehension purpos eatures of tenses of regular and irr m the UK, understanding what we	understanding and identification of key elements of a sentence and which specific language eyond a basic response, Coping with unprepa ssfully convey information from one languag ses, appreciation of a range of spoken and we regular verbs, understanding key elements (v have in communication with the TL countrie s in the TL countries, appreciation of popular	ge alters the syntax of a sentence ared situations and using spontaneous/ ge to another, knowledge of key ritten media in the TL (Cultural, literary, vocabulary and structures) needed to es, knowing how culture has evolved in
Relevant end points	ML2.8 Using correct forms of relevant def ML3.8 Make the transition from an infiniti ML4.8 Production of syntactically correct ML5.8 Ability to conjugate an infinitive Communication Comm1.8 Applying use of correct register Comm2.8 Translation of sentences betwe Comm3.8 Rephrasing and repairing langua Comm4.8 Application of connectives, lexic Comm5.8 Speaking accurately and fluenth Comm6.8 Producing written language Comprehension Comp1.8 Ability to comprehend, interpret Comp3.8 Understanding the overarching Comp4.8 Consider 'triggers' and manage ' Comp5.8 Ability to recall and apply vocabil Comp6.8 Ability to infer meaning in new compared to the compared to the compared to the comp6.8 Ability to the compared to the comp6.8 Ability to the compared to the comp6.8 Ability to the comp6.8 Abilit	e of a verb into present tense (full paradi in everyday transactions and dialogues en two languages age (adapting for real life situations) cal structures, simple opinions, reasons and j y with good pronunciation, accent and inton fit for purpose t and identify key points from a given short t es accurately message in a spoken or written piece by skin fred herrings' to answer questions and form ulary to a limited range of cross thematic stir	erson singular, 3rd person plural) igm), immediate future and conditional justification phrases ation ext or extract nming or scanning conclusions muli		lar, 1st person plural) and perfect tense (3rd	l person singular)



IU1.8 To be able to define and describe the key cult IU2.8 To compare and contrast the culture of TL cou IU3.8 To draw conclusions about TL countries based IU4.8 To understand, appreciate and evaluate the key IU5.8 To be able to deconstruct stereotypes about t IU6.8 An ability to think beyond the local conte	untries with the UK d on facts and figures key features of TL film, literature and music the TL countries and their people ext and more internationally			THE REPORT OF TH
 Describing what you have in your house using 'll y a / il n'y a pas de' + rooms in the house Describing location of rooms in the house using prepositions Describing your area with opinions + justifications Adjectives to describe Madagascar/ local area Adjectival agreements (revisit year 7 rules, + irregular) 	nous) Sports: jouer vs. Faire Saying what you like/don't like to do in your free time and giving justifications Justifications: revisit Y7 adjectives + more complex justifications Negative structures Time phrases Past tense avoir auxiliary (je / il/elle / nous) -ER Verbs Faire on clothe Adjective ER verb tense (ful Perfect t 'avoir' (el Perfect t Cannes F Different celebratio High leve Pour + im	 Food and drink: Expressions of quantity + de Describing different food with adjectival agreement Describing different food with adjectival agreement Adjectives ER verb : manger (je / tu / il/elle / nous) present tense ense description of esigner Coco Chanel ense description of estival using 'avoir' events and ons I opinions Food and drink: Expressions of quantity + de Describing different food with adjectival agreement Adjectives ER verb : manger (je / tu / il/elle / nous) present tense Irregular verbs boire (je / tu / il/elle) and prendre (je / tu / il/elle) present tense Saying how much something costs in the market using numbers, 	 Familiar and less familiar methods of transport Clothing Irregular verbs: prendre and apprendre (full paradigm), mettre (je / ils) Languages Partitive articles du / de la / des Present tense ER verb endings (full paradigm) Expressing two sides of an opinion Perfect tense with avoir auxiliary 	 Film genres Opinion + infinitive + justification Range of adjectives to give opinions Physical descriptions Range of adjectives Immediate future tense using 'aller' (il/elle / ils/elles) + infinitive to make predictions about the film. Conditonal tense (je voudrais / il/elle voudrait + infinitive) to express future wishes. (jobs) Perfect tense to describe what has happened using 'avoir' (in 3rd person singular and plural) plus past participles (regular ER verbs + irregular PPs avoir / être)

Core disciplinary knowledge	 To be able to describe where you live and different locations To be able to say what there is and isn't in your house (vocabulary for items in the house) To be able to use the present tense of the verb 'vivre' to describe where you live To be able to use a range of prepositions to say where items are located To be able to use prepositions to describe location in Madagascar To be able to use correct positioning of adjectives using the 'BAGS' rule To be able to describe your ideal home using the near future To revise the key vocabulary and verbs used in the topic of house and home 	 To be able to use a range of key verbs on free time. To be able to conjugate a range of regular present tense verbs to talk about free time. To be able to use a range of justifications in our work, including the complex structures ça me rend / ça me fait To be able to say a range of sports using the verbs 'jouer' and 'faire' correctly. To be able to apply the grammar rule jouer + à & faire + de To be able to say what we did in the past tense using avoir auxiliary and ER verbs To be able to say what we did in the past tense using avoir auxiliary and the verb 'faire' To be able to apply our knowledge of the negative to the past tense To be able to describe what we are going to do in the near future tense To be able to write an extended piece of writing on the topic. To be able to practice our language skills 	 To be able to describe what we like to wear and recognise key graphemes To be able to recognise and describe the colours of clothing using adjectival agreement To be able to conjugate the ER verb porter (je / tu / il/elle) To be able to describe the events we attend using pour + infinitives To be able to express opinions on different looks using a range of adjectives To be able to recognise and apply demonstrative pronouns To learn about Coco Chanel and recognise and apply the perfect tense (je / tu / il/elle / nous) To learn about the Cannes Festival and practise the perfect tense To revise for the post unit assessment To be able to practice our language skills 	 To express opinions on food, apply adjectival agreement and apply SSCs To understand the difference between the definite and the partitive article To apply partitive article with specified quantities (e.g. un kilo de) To recognise and apply irregular verbs prendre and boire (je / il/elle) and apply SSCs To apply the numbers 13-31 in the context of shopping at the market To recognise and apply comparatives in the context of cost comparison To apply the verb avoir to describe hunger, thirst, cold and heat To recognise and apply the conditional tense to make an order To recognise and apply the conditional tense to make an order To recognise and apply the perfect tense with ER verbs To recognise and apply the perfect tense with IR verbs (+ irregular pris) To be able to practice our language skills 	 To be able to ta different countr the francophon using en / au / a understand the the French spea To be able to de different school and apply the gi rule BAGs (adjee position) To be able to de students get to (revisit prendre To be able to de what students w to school (revisi infinitive) To describe whi languages are le around the wor prendre/apprer To be able to de what students e canteen (revisit partitive article des) To describe a da yesterday (I / he To practice writ (also serves to r Summer 2 unit) To practice liste
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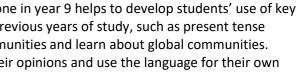
		Real Indone
o talk about	٠	To be able to express opinions
untries from		on different film genres
hone world		(infinitive structure: opinion +
u / aux, and to		verb)
the history of	•	To be able to describe the
speaking world		physical descriptions of
o describe		characters using avoir (all
hool buildings		persons, 3rd person sing. focus)
ne grammar	•	To be able to describe the
adjectival		physical descriptions of
		characters using être (all
o describe how		persons, 3rd person sing. focus)
t to school	٠	To be able to recognise some
ndre)		jobs in French and describe what
o describe		we would like to be in the future
nts wear to go		(& omission of the article
evisit pour +		un/une with jobs)
	•	To be able to predict what is
which		going to happen in the film using
re learnt		the near future tense (3rd
world (revisit		person singular and plural)
prendre)	•	To be able to describe what the
o describe		characters would like
nts eat in the		(contrasting 3rd person sing. to
visit manger +		1st person sing. seen in L4)
icle du / de la /	•	To be able to describe what has
		happened so far in the film using
a day at school		avoir (building on knowledge of
/ he / they)		avoir, seen in L2), ER verbs and
writing skills to revise this		irregular pps: avoir & etre
init)	•	To be able to predict using the
,		future tense, and describe using the perfect tense
reading skills listening skills	•	To be able to create a review of
IISTELIILIR SKIIIS	•	the film and express our opinion
		on the film

Year 9 is a foundational year where students consolidate their knowledge of key vocabulary and structures from year 7 and 8, while being exposed to more complex topics. The work done in year 9 helps to develop students' use of key grammatical structures, especially by using multiple tenses and using at least 3 different time frames. Students also consolidate some of the more basic grammatical elements of previous years of study, such as present tense conjugation of regular and irregular verbs. They learn to give increasingly more complex opinions and a range of justifications to discuss their experiences, describe their local communities and learn about global communities. The school module consolidates some of the vocabulary learnt in year 7 and 8, and extends this to include more complex descriptions of their school, allowing students to express their opinions and use the language for their own purposes. We also encourage students to discuss career choices and ambitions.

The film module in year 9 helps to revise and consolidate key grammar and structures, so that students feel confident at mastering and retaining them, while discussing a film from the French speaking world. The final module of year 9 gives an added opportunity for students to engage with festivals and celebrations in the French speaking world.

Across all years of study, students have regular opportunities for speaking practice, with a focus on becoming more confident communicators with the ability to speak spontaneously and for their own purposes. Students in year 9 will be encouraged to speak using a range of tenses so that their use of these grammatical structures becomes more automatic. They should also be able to speak about a range of topics.

Term	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Unit title	Travel & Holidays	My area	School days	Looking to the future	Customs & Festivals	Film: Les Choristes
Relevant core concepts	nouns, knowing how to conjugate the alters the syntax of a sentence Communication - (speaking/ writing/ using spontaneous/ unrehearsed lang to another, knowledge of key elemen Comprehension - (reading/ listening/ (Cultural, literary, exam specific), ide (vocabulary and structures) needed to Intercultural Understanding - (culture)	e three regular verb groups, knowing / translation/ pronunciation/ vocabu guage, narrating events when appro- nts needed for effective spoken and / vocabulary/ competence/ character ntifying 'triggers' or 'red herring' in a to listen or read for gist information ral capital/ community): understandi vledge of basic facts and figures abo	g the formation rules of three time fra lary/ competence/ character): develo priate, awareness of different registe written communication r): Acquiring and building on a wide v a spoken or written text, Knowledge of on a specific subject ng what makes the TL countries diffe	f language through correct use of phor ames (past, present and future) and kr opment of spoken and written languag rs and when to use them appropriatel rocabulary base for comprehension pu of audible and visible key features of te rent from the UK, understanding what I industry in the TL countries, awarene	nowing the key elements of a sente e beyond a basic response, Coping y, knowing how to successfully con rposes, appreciation of a range of s enses of regular and irregular verbs	nce and which specific language with unprepared situations and vey information from one language spoken and written media in the TL , understanding key elements ne TL countries, knowing how culture
Relevant end points	singular) and simple future (1st perso Communication Comm1.9 Applying use of correct register Comm2.9 Translation of longer sentence Comm3.9 Rephrasing and repairing lange Comm4.9 Application of connectives, lex Comm5.9 Speaking accurately and fluent Comm6.9 Producing written languag Comprehension Comp1.9 Ability to comprehend, interpre Comp2.9 Transcribing longer spoken TL s Comp3.9 Understanding the overarching Comp4.9 Consider 'triggers' and manage Comp5.9 Ability to recall and apply vocal Comp6.9 Ability to infer meaning in new	efinite/indefinite articles, adjectives, not itive to a conjugated verb (1st/ 2nd and t extended sentences in the Target Lang ve of a verb into present tense (full p on singular). er in everyday transactions and dialogue to between two languages uage (adapting for real life situations) tical structures, extended opinions, a var tly with good pronunciation, accent and e fit for purpose et and identify key points from a given lo sentences accurately g message in a spoken or written piece b e 'red herrings' to answer questions and bulary to a wider range of cross themati or unfamiliar situation	3rd person singular, 3rd person plural) uage baradigm), immediate future, perfect s riety of reasons and justification phrases intonation onger text or extract y skimming or scanning form conclusions c stimuli	ender and conditional tenses (1st/ 2nd/ 3rd		imperfect tense (3rd person



Core substantive knowledge	 Perfect tense using 'avoir' with past participle (je, il/elle, nous) Introduction of the perfect tense using 'être' with past participle of 'aller' to say where you went on holiday in the past (je suis allé). 	 e of TL countries with the UK tries based on facts and figures uate the key features of TL film, literature pocal context and more internationally VIVRE (revisit, seen Y8 Aut 1, je / il/elle / nous) HABITER (full paradigm) + en/au/aux/à + locations and compass points Describing houses using il y a / il n'y a pas de + rooms in the house Introduce more complex negative structure: il n'y a que Describing where we live using adjectives (revisit adjectival placement of petit/grand) Adjectives to describe a town (revisit adjectival agreement rules from Y7, revisit adjectival placement of BAGS adjectives) Present tense + depuis + time period to express how long something has been happening Prepositions Describing places in the town using Il y a / il y avait ER verbs imperfect tense (+ avoir / être) 	 e and music le Giving a range of opinions on school subjects using correct agreement Comparative structures to compare subjects : (plus / aussi / moinsque) Direct Object Pronouns Basic time (à heures) Describing a school day in Senegal : (3rd person sing and 3rd person plural focus) ER verbs present tense : full paradigm Impersonal expressions + school rules Describing what facilities schools offer Using the imperfect tense to describe your primary school Perfect tense using ; avoir' (full paradigm) and 'être' (je, il/elle) with past participles to describe a day at school Using the conditional tense to describe future plans/hopes of Abdoul (HPA conjugation of verbs, 	 Different types of jobs in masc and fem/ feminisation of different jobs Omission of un/une when describing professions Using the conditional tense to describe the future dreams of girls in the Central African Republic (3rd person sing. focus) Les petits jobs Modal verb pouvoir + infinitive ER verb gagner (full paradigm) + numbers 30-69 Before doing : Avant de + infinitive Past tense with auxiliary avoir + irregular PPs Past tense with auxiliary être Comparative structures to compare future plans The near future revisit ALLER (je / il/elle / nous) The simple future : 	 Countries Francophone Describing ele different cou the French world (popula main trade pr Names co Francophone Revisit ER ven tense endings Stem chang célébrer tense) Describing wh do at differer (3rd person present tense) Describing a the past tenss tense of 'a 'être' ver paradigm participles of RE verbs) Imperfect ver
substantive	 using 'on peut' + a range of infinitives Perfect tense using 'avoir' with past participle (je, il/elle, nous) Introduction of the perfect tense using 'être' with past participle of 'aller' to say where you went on holiday 	 Present tense + depuis + time period to express how long something has been happening Prepositions Describing places in the town using Il y a / il y avait ER verbs imperfect tense (+ 	 school Perfect tense using ; avoir' (full paradigm) and 'être' (je, il/elle) with past participles to describe a day at school Using the conditional tense to describe future plans/hopes of Abdoul 	 + infinitive Past tense with auxiliary avoir + irregular PPs Past tense with auxiliary être Comparative structures to compare future plans The near future revisit ALLER (je / il/elle / nous) 	 verbs and verbs Describing a the past tense of 'a 'être' ver paradigm participles of RE verbs)

in the ne world elements of countries in hch-speaking ulation size, products) of key ne festivals verb present ngs nging verb (present what people ent festivals on plural se verbs) infinitive

a festival in ense (perfect 'avoir' and erbs full + past of ER/IR and

reflexive

vs perfect sing them talk about a al experience était' for s in the

verbs (full in present describe • Opinion ER verb conjugation

1

- + film genres
- High-level justifications
- Avoir / être (3rd person sing. focus) to describe appearance/personality
- Physical descriptions
- Personality descriptions
- Range of infinitive verbs
- Revisit il faut / il ne faut pas + infinitive
- Imperfect + conditional si clauses to describe what we would do if we were Rachin + conditional
- Past tense descriptions using avoir and être auxiliary (full paradigms)
- Revisit adjectival agreements to describe Violette

- To be able to say where you go on holiday and use 'en/au/aux/a la' correctly
- To be able to say what transport you use to go on holiday using the correct preposition (en/ à)
- To be able to give opinions and justifications on different types of accommodation
- To be able to express a range of opinions using the grammar point opinion + infinitive
- To be able to use the verb • 'aller' in the present tense to talk about where you go on holiday
- To be able to the perfect tense and c'était to talk about holidays in the past
- To consolidate the perfect tense and use of c'était to talk about holidays in the past
- To be able to use the pronoun 'Y' correctly

Core

disciplinary

knowledge

- To be able to talk about why holidays are important and give a range of reasons using 'on peut/je peux' + infinitive
- To be able to write a 60 word text on holidays using a range of tenses
- To be able to practice our language skills

- To be able to use the verbs 'habiter' and 'vivre' in the present tense to say where you live
- To be able to describe the rooms in a house and apply negatives (ne...pas, ne...jamais, ne...que)
- To be able to use the structure 'depuis' + present tense
- To be able to describe a town using a range of adjectives
- To be able to use 'il y a' and 'il y avait' to say what there is/was in your town
- To be able to recognise and apply simple phrases in the imperfect tense
- To be able to recognise and apply prepositions in the context of a town
- To be able to recognise and apply prepositions in the context of a house
- To be able to apply 'on peut' with a range of infinitives
- To be able to use the perfect tense (passé composé) to talk about what you've done recently in town
- To be able to use the • perfect tense (passé composé) to talk about what you've done recently in town
- To be able to recognise and apply possessive pronouns

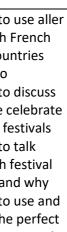
- To be able to express opinions about different school subjects
- To be able to compare different school structures
- To be able to recognise and • apply direct object pronouns
- To observe a school day in • Senegal and compare it to our own, using comparatives and ER verbs
- To be able to describe our school days using ER verbs in the present tense
- To be able to say what there is / is not at our school and the school in Senegal
- To be able to describe our school rules using il faut / il ne faut pas + infinitive
- To be able to recognise and apply perfect tense (passé composé) in the context of school
- Option to deepen perfect • tense knowledge, alternatively this lesson can be an extended writing lesson
- To be able to recognise and apply the imperfect tense to describe in the past
- To be able to use the • conditional tense to talk describe what you would like in the context of school
- To be able to practice our • language skills

- To be able to correctly feminise jobs and recognise graphemes in / er / è / ien / ç
- To be able to express what girls in the Central African Republic would like to become in the future
- To be able to say advantages of part-time jobs using pouvoir
- To be able to describe what we do and earn in our part time work, and recognise the grapheme gn / in / en / an
- To be able to recognise and apply the structure "avant de"
- To be able to recognise the perfect tense, and understand that some verbs in French require être to form the perfect tense
- To be able to apply the past tense, including some être verbs
- To recognise and apply comparatives when talking about our future plans
- To recognise and apply the near future tense. Some students will also be able to apply the simple future tense.
- To be able to practice our language skills

- To be able to use aller to say which French speaking countries people go to
- To be able to discuss how people celebrate a variety of festivals • To be able to talk
- about which festival you prefer and why • To be able to use and recognise the perfect
- tense with avoir and être
- To be able to practise the perfect tense To be able to conjugate reflexive verbs in the present tense
- To learn about the national celebration day in France
- To be able to use and recognise the perfect and imperfect tenses together
- To learn about the festival of Kings in France
- To be able to practise • using and identifying the perfect and imperfect tenses together
- To practise the topic of holidays through reading and writing activities
- To practise the topic of town and neighbourhood through reading and writing activities • To practise the topic of school through reading and writing activities • To practise the topic of future plans through reading and writing
- - activities

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- To be able to express opinions on different film genres and on the film's music. Revisiting ER verbs (je, il/elle, nous, ils/elles) • To be able to give physical and personality
- descriptions of characters • To be able to make
- predictions of what will happen in the film using the near future tense
- To be able to describe school rules using "il faut" / "il ne faut pas"
- To be able to describe which rules we would change at Fond de l'Étang if we could
- To be able to describe what has happened so far in the film using third person avoir auxiliary
- To be able to describe what has happened so far in the film using avoir and être auxiliary
- To be able to describe the only female character in the film using feminine adjectives
- To understand the lyrics of the song "vois sur ton chemin"
- To be able to use and • recognise the perfect, imperfect and future tenses

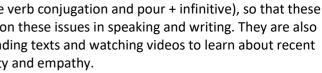
In year 10, students begin Key Stage 4 with engaging in the topic of mobile technology and with consolidation of key grammatical structures students learnt at Key Stage 3 (such as present tense verb conjugation and pour + infinitive), so that these structures become automatic. In the social issues module, students discuss issues that affect their own communities, as well as communities globally, and begin to give more complex opinions on these issues in speaking and writing. They are also encouraged to build a sense of global responsibility, through discussion of how they could help society themselves. They are also exposed to societal issues in the French speaking world, by reading texts and watching videos to learn about recent protests that have taken place in the world, such as protests for women's rights. Students are encouraged to approach these complex issues with sensitivity and empathy.

Students learn to describe their family, friends and health habits in order to develop their character and ability to express their own beliefs and values. In the holidays in the francophone world unit, students express their opinions with a complex range of structures and expressions, and are exposed to a range of authentic resources, including videos about festivals from the French speaking world. This further develops their cultural awareness and understanding. The film module in year 10 is designed not only to consolidate students' learning of high frequency verbs and structures, but also enables students to engage with issues of global significance in the French speaking world. This gives students the

opportunity to consolidate their learning of grammar from year 10 studies.

Across all years of study, students have regular opportunities for speaking practice, with a focus on becoming more confident communicators with the ability to speak spontaneously and for their own purposes. At this level, we expect students to be able to speak spontaneously on a broad range of issues using multiple time frames.

Term	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1
Unit title	Mobile Technology & Social Media	Healthy Living	Social Issues	Family, friends and future plans	Holidays in the francophon week unit, allowing 2 wee revision]
Relevant core concepts	how to conjugate the three regular Communcation - (speaking/ writing, spontaneous/ unrehearsed languag knowledge of key elements needed Comprehension - (reading/ listening literary, exam specific), identifying ' needed to listen or read for gist info Intercultural Understanding - (culture)	verb groups, knowing the formation of / translation/ pronunciation/ vocabul e, narrating events when appropriate for effective spoken and written com g/ vocabulary/ competence/ characte triggers' or 'red herring' in a spoken of prmation on a specific subject and capital/ community): understand asic facts and figures about the demo	tence): recognition and production of lang rules of three time frames (past, present a lary/ competence/ character): developmer e, awareness of different registers and whe munication er): Acquiring and building on a wide vocab or written text, Knowledge of audible and w ing what makes the TL countries different graphy, area, climate and industry in the T	nd future) and knowing the key elent of spoken and written language en to use them appropriately, know pulary base for comprehension pur visible key features of tenses of re- from the UK, understanding what	ements of a sentence and white beyond a basic response, Cop wing how to successfully conve poses, appreciation of a range gular and irregular verbs, unde we have in communication wit
Relevant end points	ML3.10 Make the transition from an inf ML4.10 Production of syntactically corre ML5.10 Ability to conjugate an infin Communication Comm1.10 Applying use of correct regis Comm2.10 Translation of longer texts b Comm3.10 Rephrasing and repairing lar Comm4.10 Application of connectives, I Comm5.10 Speaking accurately and flue Comm6.10 Producing written langue Comprehension Comp1.10 Ability to comprehend, inter Comp3.10 Understanding the overarchi Comp5.10 Ability to recall and apply vo Comp6.10 Ability to infer meaning in ne	definite/indefinite articles, adjectives, no initive to a conjugated verb (full paradign ect extended sentences in the Target Lan itive of regular and irregular verbs int ster in everyday transactions and dialogu etween two languages nguage (adapting for real life situations) lexical structures, complex opinions, com ently with good pronunciation, accent an age fit for purpose pret and identify key points from several 'L paragraphs accurately ing message in a spoken or written piece ge 'red herrings' to answer questions and cabulary to a wide range of cross themat ew or unfamiliar situations	nguage to present tense, immediate and simple fur es oplex reasons and justification phrases d intonation longer texts or extracts by skimming or scanning d form conclusions	ture, perfect, imperfect and condi	



Summer 2 one world [4 Film: Amélie eeks for EOY

ification of key elements of genders of nouns, knowing hich specific language alters the syntax of a sentence pping with unprepared situations and using vey information from one language to another,

ge of spoken and written media in the TL (Cultural, derstanding key elements (vocabulary and structures)

with the TL countries, knowing how culture has evolved appreciation of popular culture (music, film, art, sport,

Core substantive knowledge	 101.10 to be able to define and describe the key cultural aspects of the TL counties unter the UK 102.10 To compare and contrast the culture of TL countries with the UK 102.10 To compare and contrast the culture of TL countries with the UK 102.10 To araw conclusions about TL countries based on facts and figures 104.10 To understand, appreciate and evaluate the key features of TL film, lite 105.10 To be able to deconstruct stereotypes about the TL countries and their 106.10 An ability to think beyond the local context and more internatio Key verbs for the topic – mobile technology and social media TV vocabulary Grâce à/au/à la/aux Social media/ technology vocabulary Porsent tense regular ER/IR/RE verbs (je / il/elle / nous) Partitive articles Expressing a range of opinions on French music Possessive adjectives (my, your, his/her, their) Arguments for and against social media/technology: on peut + infinitives Dangers of technology: on doit + faire attention parce que + justifications Indirect object pronouns (HPA) Fost tense Past tense (pass composé) full paradigm verbs with avoir + être Recognition of past tense (imperfect) forms Deciding when to use imperfect and when to use passé composé 	 Social issues/ problems Justifications related to social issues Vocabulary/ structures related to protests and strikes Vocabulary/ structures related to charities Superlative adjectives 'Vous' form of imperative/commands with 'il faut' + infinitive Present tense conjugation of key topic ER verbs full paradigm Present tense conjugation of irregular verbs 'boire' and 'prendre' full paradigm Cela peut + infinitives to describe possible outcomes of social issues Conditional tense HPA: stems + endings full paradigm LPA:je voudrais/j'aimerais/préférerais, il serait si + imperfect + conditional 	 Agreement of adjectives il/elle est + masc/fem form of adjective Adjectives to describe others Comparative structures + adjectives Possessive pronouns Reflexive verbs, present tense full paradigms Describing relationships with others Direct object pronouns to describe people Key topic verbs related to friends, family and future plans Discussion of future plans related to family Vocabulary for statistics Formation of imperfect tense (full paradigm) Revision of immediate future, formation of simple future (lower ability: with 'je', higher ability: full paradigm) Si + present + je vais future (lower), + simple future (higher) 	 Le monde francophone et son histoire: Countries (revisit au / en / aux) Le colonialisme Le transport Types of weather Modal verbs pouvoir / devoir + infinitive + range of holiday activities Revisit: present tense (+ introduce stem changing verbs)ER/IR/RE verbs present tense + present and future si sentences Present tense stem changing verbs Perfect vs. imperfect tense: Festivals: La francofolie à Montréal, le festival de Voodoo au Bénin Accomodation + demonstrative adjectives 	 Music genres Film genres Expressions of assumption Physical descriptions Personality assumptions/ descriptions Key verbs related to film/ describing film Past tense (passé composé, avoir / être auxiliary) Future tense LPA: near future, HPA: simple future Imperfect tense to describe scenes in the film Exploring Paris - key landmarks Vocabulary/ structures for film reviews Direct object pronouns
			 ability: full paradigm) Si + present + je vais future (lower), + simple 		
Core disciplinary knowledge		 To know the vocabulary for a range of social problems in French To be able to say why a problem is serious 	 To be able to express who we get on well with and use adjectival agreements 	 To be able to discuss opinions of different musical genres To be able to give physical and personality descriptions of characters 	 To be able to talk about different countries from the francophone world using en / au / aux, and to understand the history of the French speaking world

- To be able to recognise and apply possessive adjectives
- To be able to recognise and apply partitive articles
- To be able to express opinions on French music and apply comparative structures
- To be able to express • opinions on social networks using the rule opinion + infinitive verb
- To be able to express two sides of an opinion
- To be able to apply the structure 'grâce à'
- To be able to recognise and apply IR verb endings in the present tense (je / il/elle / nous)
- To be able to recognise and apply RE verb endings in the present tense (je / il/elle / nous)
- To be able to talk about the benefits of mobile technology using modal verb pouvoir
- To be able to talk about • the dangers of mobile technology
- To be able to give advice on how to stay safe online using modal verb falloir
- To be able to recognise and apply IOPs (recommend HPA only)

- To be able to use common idiomatic expressions with 'avoir' e.g. j'ai faim/soif
- To be able to talk about • food using the pronoun 'en'
- To be able to explain why food is healthy or unhealthy using 'ca contient...'
- To be able to give advice using the verb 'devoir'
- To be able to recognise and apply different negative constructions
- To be able to apply negatives in a range of different tenses
- To be able to talk about ٠ world foods
- To be able to identify and use demonstrative
- pronouns e.g. ceux/celle • To be able to conjugate 'faire' and 'jouer' to talk about different sports
- To revise use of depuis and to be able to use the pronouns 'v' and 'en' correctly in the context of sports you play
- To be able to use the perfect tense to talk about the sports you have played
- To be able to use the imperfect tense to talk about sports you used to play
- To be able to decide ٠ whether to use the perfect or imperfect tense
- To be able to say how you will look after your mental health
- To be able to write 90 or 150 words about healthy living
- To be able to practice our • language exam skills

- To be able to speak about strikes using the imperative
- To be able to give solutions to social issues using 'il faut' + infinitive
- To be able to form ER verbs in the present tense to talk about social issues
- To be able to conjugate 'boire' and 'prendre' in the preset tense to talk about drugs/alcohol
- To be able to explain the consequences of serious problems using 'cela peut' + infinitive
- To be able to talk about an ideal world by using the conditional
- To apply 'si' clauses, embedding vocabulary about health issues
- To describe the roles of different charities and to be able to say you what voluntary work you would do using 'if' clauses and the conditional tense
- To use indefinite pronouns to suggest solutions to social problems.
- To use the gerund to state how social problems can be solved.
- To be able to count to 1000 in French
- To be able to write a 90/150 word text on social issues using a range of tenses and structures
- To be able to practice our language skills by practising exam-style questions.

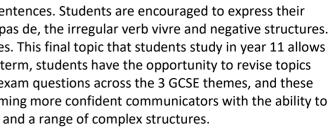
- To be able to recognise and use possessive adjectives
- To be able to recognise reflexive verbs and conjugate them
- To be able to recognise and apply direct object pronouns
- To be able to recognise and apply the imperfect tense
- To be able to recognise and apply the imperfect tense
- To be able to recognise and apply the future tense (LPA: near future, HPA: simple future)
- To be able to recognise and apply the future tense (LPA: near future, HPA: simple future)
- To be able to understand and discuss future plans
- To be able to express two sides of an opinion To be able to recognise
- and apply present + future si clauses
- To be able to write 90 or 150 words on relationships
- To be able to practice our language skills

- To be able to understand and use the vocabulary for different modes of transport
- To be able to understand and apply the structure il y a / il n'y a pas de to describe the weather
- To be able to describe the weather in the past and future tenses
- To describe what you can do on holiday using modal verbs pouvoir and devoir
- To revisit the endings for ER / IR / RE verbs in the present tense, in the context of holidays
- To be able to apply our knowledge of the present tense into 'si' sentences with the future tense (LPA near future, HPA simple future), which students have learnt this year
- To be able recognise some of the key festivals from the francophone world (3rd person plural and stem changing verbs célébrer and préférer)
- To apply the past tense to describe a visit to the festival "francofolie" (focus on avoir vs. être auxiliary)
- To revisit the difference between the perfect tense and the imperfect tense through the Voodoo festival
- To be able to recognise and use demonstrative adjectives ce / cet / cette / ces
- To be able to talk about life's little pleasures using a variety of key verbs

- To be able to use the perfect tense to describe events in the film - avoir
- To be able to use the perfect tense to describe events in the film – avoir and être
- To be able to use the future and past tenses to predict and describe the film
- To be able to use the imperfect tense to describe events in the film
- To be able to discover Paris through the film – present and future tenses
- To be able to apply pronouns • when describing the film
- To be able to use and recognise the perfect, imperfect and future tenses
- To be able to write a film review

In students' final year of study, they begin by looking at the topic of school and future plans, revisiting the Y9 module with a higher level of complexity, such as subjunctive phrases and si sentences. Students are encouraged to express their opinions and discuss what they would like to do in the future after school. Students then revisit the topic of Local Area, revisiting high frequency grammar and structures such as il y a / il n'y a pas de, the irregular verb vivre and negative structures. Students will also start to build vocabulary to enable them to discuss traffic, pollution and rubbish in their town, giving them foundational knowledge for their final unit of learning, global issues. This final topic that students study in year 11 allows them to engage with global and environmental issues and allows them to reflect on their own role and responsibility as citizens of our global community. Before their exams in the summer term, students have the opportunity to revise topics studied throughout their years of study, through the 4 skills, in order to consolidate their learning and help them to feel confident for their exam. They are exposed to listening and reading exam questions across the 3 GCSE themes, and these lessons are also supplemented with opportunities for written and spoken production. Across all years of study, students have regular opportunities for speaking practice, with a focus on becoming more confident communicators with the ability to speak spontaneously and for their own purposes. At this level, we expect students to be able to speak spontaneously on a broad range of issues using multiple time frames and a range of complex structures.

Term	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1
Unit title	School, studies and future plans	Local Area	Global issues and Environment	Revision & Consolidation	Exam
Relevant core concepts	how to conjugate the three regular ver Communication - (speaking/ writing/ tr spontaneous/ unrehearsed language, r knowledge of key elements needed for Comprehension - (reading/ listening/ v literary, exam specific), identifying 'trig needed to listen or read for gist inform Intercultural Understanding - (cultural	b groups, knowing the formation rules of ranslation/ pronunciation/ vocabulary/ co arrating events when appropriate, award effective spoken and written communic ocabulary/ competence/ character): Acq gers' or 'red herring' in a spoken or writt ation on a specific subject capital/ community): understanding what and figures about the demography, area,	recognition and production of language t f three time frames (past, present and futu ompetence/ character): development of s eness of different registers and when to us ation uiring and building on a wide vocabulary k en text, Knowledge of audible and visible at makes the TL countries different from th climate and industry in the TL countries, a	ure) and knowing the key elements poken and written language beyon se them appropriately, knowing ho pase for comprehension purposes, key features of tenses of regular a he UK, understanding what we hav	s of a sentence and which ad a basic response, Copi ow to successfully convey appreciation of a range and irregular verbs, under re in common with the T
Relevant end points	Mechanics of Language ML1.11 Accurate pronunciation and intona ML2.11 Using correct forms of definite/ind ML3.11 Make the transition from an infinit ML4.11 Production of syntactically correct ML5.11 Ability to conjugate an infinitiv Communication Comm1.11 Applying use of correct register Comm2.11 Translation of a variety of texts Comm3.11 Rephrasing and repairing langu Comm4.11 Application of connectives, lexit Comm6.11 Producing written language Compt.11 Ability to comprehend, interpret Comp2.11 Transcribing spoken TL accurate Comp3.11 Understanding the overarching Comp5.11 Ability to recall and apply vocab Comp6.11 Ability to infer meaning in new of Comp5.11 Ability to infer meaning in new of Comp5.11 Ability to infer meaning in new of Comp7.11 Differentiate between time Intercultural Understanding IU1.11 To be able to define and describe th IU2.11 To compare and contrast the cultur IU3.11 To draw conclusions about TL count	tion of paragraphs efinite articles, adjectives, nouns, verbs and p ive to a fully conjugated verb paradigm paragraphs in the Target Language e of regular and irregular verbs into press in everyday transactions and dialogue between two languages age (adapting for real life situations) cal structures, complex opinions, complex read y with very good pronunciation, accent and in fit for purpose and identify key points from a given text or ly and spontaneously message in a spoken or written piece by skim red herrings' to answer questions and form of ulary to a wide range of cross thematic stimu or unfamiliar situations frames for the purpose of responding to e key cultural aspects of the TL countries e of TL countries with the UK ries based on facts and figures uate the key features of TL film, literature and	eent tense, immediate and simple future, p asons and justification phrases ntonation extract ming or scanning conclusions li comprehension tasks on a range of texts a		



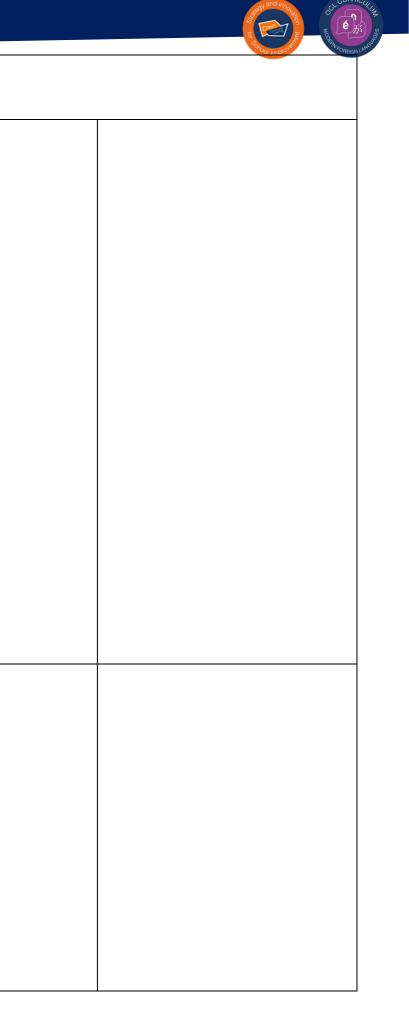
1	Summer 2

ification of key elements of genders of nouns, knowing hich specific language alters the syntax of a sentence oping with unprepared situations and using vey information from one language to another,

ge of spoken and written media in the TL (Cultural, derstanding key elements (vocabulary and structures)

e TL countries, knowing how culture has evolved in the ation of popular culture (music, film, art, sport,

	IU6.11 An ability to think beyond the local context and more internationally					
Core substantive knowledge	 Key verbs : Apprendre/ Étudier + range of subjects Timetable + direct object pronouns Daily routine and reflexive verbs in the present tense School improvement : imperfect + conditional tense si sentences Expressing two sides of an opinion Jobs (revisit Y9 vocabulary) + on peut / nous pouvons + infinitive verb + imperfect + conditional si sentences Subjunctive set phrases (neccessity + subjunctive) 	 Key verbs : Vivre/ Habiter (full paradigms) + en / au / aux / à countries & cities Locations (revisit) + adjectives to describe Revisit BAGS adjectives/ adjectival word order Types of housing (francophone world focus) Possessive pronouns Il y a + range of negative structures Places in a town + theme 2 vocabulary Superlative adjectives 	 Key environmental issues vocabulary/ structures Key verbs linked to global issues topic Revisit key vocabulary for poverty and homelessness Justifications Si clauses LPA- recap imperfect tense HPA- pluperfect tense Si + imperfect + conditional Comparative adjectives/ structures Subjunctive and key phrases which generate it Superlative structures 	 Family and friends topic vocabulary/ structures Free time/technology topic vocabulary/ structures Home, town, neighbourhood and region topic vocabulary/ structures Travel and Tourism topic vocabulary/ structures My studies topic vocabulary/ structures Education post-16 topic vocabulary/ structures Education post-16 topic vocabulary/ structures Key skills embedded across lessons: Listening practice, Reading comprehension practice, Writing practice: 90/150 words, Speaking practice: photo-cards/ roleplays and general conversation preparation. Exam skills 		
Core disciplinary knowledge	 To be able to discuss the subjects we study using the regular ER verb "étudier" To be able to discuss the subjects we learn using the irregular verb "apprendre" To be able to describe a day at school in the past tense using the passé composé (avoir auxiliary) To be able to describe a day at school in the past tense using the passé composé (être auxiliary) To be able to describe a day at school using the passé composé (être auxiliary) To be able to describe a day at school using the time to describe the day 	 To be able to recognise and use key vocabulary for talking about where we live To be able to conjugate regular verbs to say where we live To be able to conjugate vivre to say where we live To be able to describe different types of locations whilst revisiting adjectives To be able to talk about different types of housing across the Francophone world as well as understanding some challenges 	 To be able to say what environmental issues there are/aren't in the local area To be able to recognise and apply some modal verbs To be able to express solutions using "if" sentences and a range of present tense verbs To be able to describe environmental problems in the past using the imperfect (pluperfect HPA) tense To be able to say how we would like to help using the conditional tense To be able to say what we would do to help the 	 To be able to revise the topic of Identity with reading and speaking skills To be able to revise the topic of Identity with listening and writing skills To be able to revise the topic of Free Time with reading and speaking skills To be able to revise the topic of Free Time with listening and writing skills To be able to revise the topic of Free Time with listening and writing skills To be able to revise the topic of Free Time with listening and writing skills To be able to revise the topic of Free Time with listening and writing skills 		



 To be able to recognise and apply direct object pronouns To be able to describe our full school day using reflexive verbs To be able to describe our full school day using reflexive verbs To be able to apply 'si' sentences (imperfect + conditional) to describe what we would change about our school To be able to express the advantages of different future pathways using 'on peut' To be able to use the future tense to describe future job possibilities To be able to apply 'si' sentences (present + future) to describe our future plans To be able to apply 'si' sentences (present + future) to describe our future plans 	 To be able to use possessive pronouns in connection with types of home as well as revisiting comparatives To talk about the advantages and disadvantages of living in a town To be able to talk about the different things you can do in a town To revise the perfect tense of verbs to describe a recent visit into town To describe my region in the past using 'il y a + time phrase' To be able to use comparatives and superlatives To be able to write a piece of extended writing on the topic of local area (90/150 words) To be able to practice our language exam skills 	 environment if we could using "si" sentences To be able to express the most serious global problem using comparatives To be able to practice topic-based questions in reading and listening (recap of year 10 vocabulary) To be able to justify opinions on the environment using cela peut + infinitive To be able to express which French charity we would like to work for and why To be able to recognise and apply some subjunctive verbs Topic recap: to be able to express the most serious problem in the world and what we would do to help To be able to practice our language skills 	 reading and speaking skills To be able to revise the topic of My town with listening and writing skills To be able to revise the topic of Holidays with reading and speaking skills To be able to revise the topic of Holidays with listening and writing skills To be able to revise the topic of School with reading and speaking skills To be able to revise the topic of School with listening and writing skills To be able to revise the topic of School with reading and speaking skills To be able to revise the topic of School with listening and writing skills To be able to revise the topic of School with listening and writing skills To be able to revise the topic of Post 16 with reading and speaking skills To be able to revise the topic of Post 16 with reading and speaking skills
Ũ	language exam skills		reading and speaking

