

DO WELL IN YOUR SPELLING TESTS.
USE MEMRISE! #noexcuses

YR 7 ACCÈS STUDIO UNITÉS 4-6

Go to F17 Wed lunch time for help with your homework.

Memrise: <https://www.memrise.com/course/140330/acces-studio-2/>



Plurals

Remember! To make a noun plural add –s or –x to the end of the word. Do not pronounce them !

er – verbs

It is very important that you know how to form verbs correctly in French. Make sure you know what each subject pronoun means.

je	I
tu	You
il	he
elle	she
on	'one'
nous	We
vous	You
ils	They (m)
elles	They (f)

Now make sure you know the verb ending that goes with each pronoun.

j'aime

tu aimes

il aime

elle aime

on aime

nous aimons

vous aimez

ils aiment

elles aiment

Grammar

- ✓ Using un, une, des – the indefinite article + some
- ✓ Using plurals
- ✓ Using le, la, les – the definite article
- ✓ Er verbs – present tense

'A'

' the indefinite article'

Have you noticed that there are two words for 'a' in French? **un** **une**
All French nouns are categorised as either **masculine** or **feminine**.

un stylo masculine a pen

une gomme feminine a rubber

des stylos plural The word for some is **des**.
some pens

'The'

' the definite article'

Have you noticed that there are four words for 'the' in French? **le** **la** **l'** **les**

le = the for masculine nouns

le stylo = the pen

la = the for feminine nouns

la gomme = the rubber

l' = the for words that begin with a vowel or h

l'élève = the student

les = the for plural words

les élèves = the students

To get the correct form of 'er' verbs in the present tense take the infinitive and knock off the 'er' at the end of the word. Now add the right ending.
e.g. You want to say 'he eats'. Use the verb 'manger'. Knock off the 'er' = mang. He = **il** + mang + e = **il mange** = he eats.

MON SAC

un/une	a
il y a	there is/are
des	some
dans	in
et	and
bravo	well done
un agenda	a planner
un cahier	an exercise book
un crayon	a pencil
un livre	a (text)book
un portable	a mobile
un stylo	a pen
une calculatrice	a calculator
une gomme	a rubber
une règle	a ruler
une trousse	a pencil case
des cahiers	some books

dans mon sac, il y a ... in my bag there is/are
Il n'y a pas de there isn't/ there aren't*

* After 'il n'y a pas de'
NEVER write un, une, des,
 le, la, l', les

MA SALLE DE CLASSE

le/la/l'/les	the
le bureau	the desk
le professeur	teacher
le tableau	the whiteboard
le tableau interactif	the interactive whiteboard
l'ordinateur	the computer
la chaise	the chair
la fenêtre	the window
la porte	the door
la table	the table
la salle de classe	the classroom
les livres	the books
les élèves	the pupils
voilà	here's
il s'appelle...	he is called
elle s'appelle...	she is called

Week 1	Make sure you know the meanings and spellings of the items you have in your school bag. Design a poster in French which show what you should have and what you shouldn't have.
Week 2	Learn the meanings and spellings of all the classroom words. Design a 'spelling quiz' to test the knowledge of others in your class.
Week 3	Learn the meaning and spellings of all the 'hobby' words. Make a list in French of all the things you like to do in your spare time and of those things you don't like to do
Week 4	Design a game to help you and others remember how to form 'er'verbs in the present tense. This will be very useful in the future!

TEMPS LIBRE FREE TIME

j'adore	I love
j'aime	I like
je n'aime pas	I don't like
je déteste	I hate
je préfère	I prefer
je suis	I am
moi	me
super	great
intéressant	interesting
nul	rubbish
ennuyeux	boring
sportif/sportive	sporty
mais	but
aussi	also/too
le foot	football
le judo	judo
le rugby	rugby
le skate	skateboarding
le tennis	tennis
le vélo	bike
la danse	dance/dancing
la gymnastique	gymnastics
la musique	music
les jeux video	video games